

## Tutorial 7

### Exercise 1

Consider an autonomous elevator which operates between two floors. The requested behaviour of the elevator is as follows:

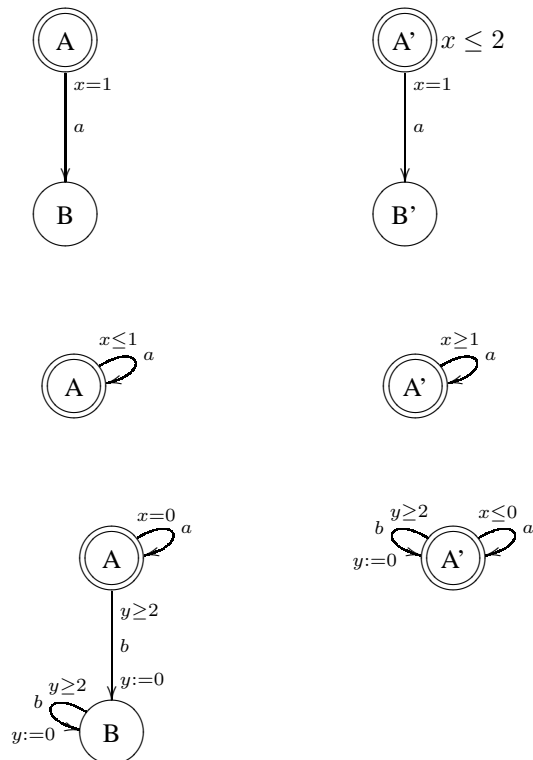
- The elevator can stop either at the ground floor or the first floor.
- When the elevator arrives at a certain floor, its door automatically opens. It takes at least 2 seconds from its arrival before the door opens but the door must definitely open within 5 seconds.
- Whenever the elevator's door is open, passengers can enter. They enter one by one and we (optimistically) assume that the elevator has a sufficient capacity to accommodate any number of passengers waiting outside.
- The door can close only 4 seconds after the last passenger entered.
- After the door closes, the elevator waits at least 2 seconds and then travels up or down to the other floor.

Your tasks are:

- Suggest a timed automaton model of the elevator. Use the actions *up* and *down* to model the movement of the elevator, *open* and *close* to describe the door operation and the action *enter* which means that a passenger is entering the elevator.
- Provide two different timed traces of the system starting at the ground floor with the door open.

### Exercise 2

Consider the following timed automata and for each pair decide whether their initial states are (i) timed bisimilar (ii) untimed bisimilar.



### Exercise 3

Let  $T$  be a timed transition system. Let us consider a labelled transition system  $T'$  where every time-delay action  $d \in \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$  is replaced with the silent action  $\tau$ . We now define that two states  $p$  and  $q$  from the timed transition system  $T$  are *time abstracted bisimilar* if and only if  $p$  and  $q$  are weakly bisimilar in  $T'$ .

- Is the notion of time abstracted bisimilarity equivalent to untimed bisimilarity?
- If yes, prove your claim. If no, give a counter example.