

Tutorial 2 – Propositional Logic

Exercise 1: Determine the truth function, decide whether the formula is satisfiable, a tautology or a contradiction using contradiction.

- a) $(p \wedge \neg q) \supset (\neg p \supset (q \vee p))$
- b) $[(p \vee \neg q) \wedge \neg(p \wedge q)] \supset (\neg p \vee q)$
- c) $(p \supset q) \wedge (p \wedge \neg q)$
- d) $(p \supset q) \supset (\neg q \supset \neg p)$

Exercise 2:

Verify the (in)validity of arguments.

- a) If I'm good, I'll get an iPhone.
I'll be good.

I'll get an iPhone.

- b) The sun doesn't shine or I wear sunglasses.
The sun's not shining.

I don't wear sunglasses.

- c) He's in class or wandering around school.
If he's in class, he's a model student.

If he's not a model student, then he's wandering around school.

- d) If I address the problem, I solve the problem.
If I'm not attending to the problem, then I have something else to do.

I'll solve the problem or I've got something else to do.

- e) If I work, then I make money, but if I'm lazy, then I enjoy.
Either I work or I'm lazy.
However, if I'm lazy, then I don't earn, while if I work, then I don't enjoy.

That's why I enjoy.

- f) The sun is shining and it's raining.
It's not raining.

I'm drinking beer.

Remark: Transformation rules.

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| $(\alpha \equiv \beta) \Leftrightarrow (\alpha \supset \beta) \wedge (\beta \supset \alpha)$ | |
| $(\alpha \supset \beta) \Leftrightarrow (\neg\alpha \vee \beta)$ | |
| $\neg(\alpha \supset \beta) \Leftrightarrow (\alpha \wedge \neg\beta)$ | Negation of implication |
| $\neg(\alpha \wedge \beta) \Leftrightarrow (\neg\alpha \vee \neg\beta)$ | De Morgan |
| $\neg(\alpha \vee \beta) \Leftrightarrow (\neg\alpha \wedge \neg\beta)$ | De Morgan |
| $\neg\neg\alpha \Leftrightarrow \alpha$ | |

Exercise 3: Negate: (verbally and formally)

- a) I'll walk or sing.
- b) Pavel is not a Sparta or Slavia fan.
- c) If it's Wednesday, it's a meeting.
- d) Only when I'm writing the program do I think if it works.
- e) The programme works when it's written properly.
- f) If I don't spend enough time on the solution, the result is uncertain and I have to start again.
- g) I can program in Java, but I don't know C++ syntax.
- h) Peter and Pavel believe in the future of IT, Tomas and Emil shake their heads.
- i) If you get good results, you won't have a problem at school and you'll be fine.